GCE Examinations Advanced / Advanced Subsidiary

# **Core Mathematics C2**

Paper A Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Answer **all** the questions.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, unless a different degree of accuracy is specified in the question or is clearly appropriate.
- You are permitted to use a graphic calculator in this paper.

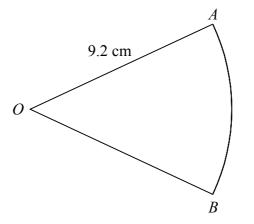
## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 72.
- You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.



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The diagram shows the sector *OAB* of a circle of radius 9.2 cm and centre *O*. Given that the area of the sector is  $37.4 \text{ cm}^2$ , find to 3 significant figures

- (*i*) the size of  $\angle AOB$  in radians, [2]
- (*ii*) the perimeter of the sector. [2]

2. 
$$f(x) = x^3 + kx - 20$$
.

Given that f(x) is exactly divisible by (x + 1),

(i) find the value of the constant k, [2]

(*ii*) solve the equation 
$$f(x) = 0$$
. [4]

**3.** Given that

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} = 3\sqrt{x} - x^2$$

and that  $y = \frac{2}{3}$  when x = 1, find the value of y when x = 4. [7]

#### 4. A geometric progression has third term 36 and fourth term 27.

Find

- (*i*) the common ratio, [2]
- (*ii*) the fifth term, [2]

### 5. *(i)* Solve the equation

$$\log_2 (6 - x) = 3 - \log_2 x.$$
 [4]

*(ii)* Find the smallest integer *n* such that

$$3^{n-2} > 8^{250}.$$
 [4]

6.

$$f(x) = \cos 2x, \quad 0 \le x \le \pi.$$

(i) Sketch the curve 
$$y = f(x)$$
. [2]

- (*ii*) Write down the coordinates of any points where the curve y = f(x) meets the coordinate axes. [3]
- (*iii*) Solve the equation f(x) = 0.5, giving your answers in terms of  $\pi$ . [3]
- 7. *(i)* Find

$$\int (x+5+\frac{3}{\sqrt{x}}) \, \mathrm{d}x.$$
 [4]

(ii) Evaluate

$$\int_{-2}^{0} (3x-1)^2 \, \mathrm{d}x.$$
 [5]

#### Turn over

**8.** (a) An arithmetic series has a common difference of 7.

Given that the sum of the first 20 terms of the series is 530, find

- (*i*) the first term of the series, [3]
- (*ii*) the smallest positive term of the series. [2]
- (b) The terms of a sequence are given by

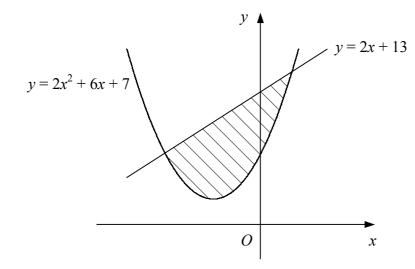
$$u_n = (n+k)^2, \quad n \ge 1,$$

where *k* is a positive constant.

Given that  $u_2 = 2u_1$ ,

(i) find the value of k, [4]

(*ii*) show that 
$$u_3 = 11 + 6\sqrt{2}$$
. [2]



The diagram shows the curve  $y = 2x^2 + 6x + 7$  and the straight line y = 2x + 13.

(*i*) Find the coordinates of the points where the curve and line intersect. [4]

*(ii)* Show that the area of the shaded region bounded by the curve and line is given by

$$\int_{-3}^{1} (6 - 4x - 2x^2) \, \mathrm{d}x.$$
 [2]

(*iii*) Hence find the area of the shaded region. [5]

9.