

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

#### MATHEMATICS

Paper 6 MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 50 9709/06 For examination from 2017

Specimen

This document consists of 9 printed pages and 1 blank page.



#### Mark Scheme Notes

Marks are of the following three types:

- M Method mark, awarded for a valid method applied to the problem. Method marks are not lost for numerical errors, algebraic slips or errors in units. However, it is not usually sufficient for a candidate just to indicate an intention of using some method or just to quote a formula; the formula or idea must be applied to the specific problem in hand, e.g. by substituting the relevant quantities into the formula. Correct application of a formula without the formula being quoted obviously earns the M mark and in some cases an M mark can be implied from a correct answer.
- A Accuracy mark, awarded for a correct answer or intermediate step correctly obtained. Accuracy marks cannot be given unless the associated method mark is earned (or implied).
- B Mark for a correct result or statement independent of method marks.
- When a part of a question has two or more "method" steps, the M marks are generally independent unless the scheme specifically says otherwise; and similarly when there are several B marks allocated. The notation DM or DB (or dep\*) is used to indicate that a particular M or B mark is dependent on an earlier M or B (asterisked) mark in the scheme. When two or more steps are run together by the candidate, the earlier marks are implied and full credit is given.
- The symbol √ implies that the A or B mark indicated is allowed for work correctly following on from previously incorrect results. Otherwise, A or B marks are given for correct work only. A and B marks are not given for fortuitously "correct" answers or results obtained from incorrect working.
- Note: B2 or A2 means that the candidate can earn 2 or 0. B2/1/0 means that the candidate can earn anything from 0 to 2.

The marks indicated in the scheme may not be subdivided. If there is genuine doubt whether a candidate has earned a mark, allow the candidate the benefit of the doubt. Unless otherwise indicated, marks once gained cannot subsequently be lost, e.g. wrong working following a correct form of answer is ignored.

- Wrong or missing units in an answer should not lead to the loss of a mark unless the scheme specifically indicates otherwise.
- For a numerical answer, allow the A or B mark if a value is obtained which is correct to 3 s.f., or which would be correct to 3 s.f. if rounded (1 d.p. in the case of an angle). As stated above, an A or B mark is not given if a correct numerical answer arises fortuitously from incorrect working. For Mechanics questions, allow A or B marks for correct answers which arise from taking *g* equal to 9.8 or 9.81 instead of 10.

## AS & A Level Mathematics – Mark Scheme SPECIMEN

The following abbreviations may be used in a mark scheme or used on the scripts:

- AEF Any Equivalent Form (of answer is equally acceptable)
- AG Answer Given on the question paper (so extra checking is needed to ensure that the detailed working leading to the result is valid)
- BOD Benefit of Doubt (allowed when the validity of a solution may not be absolutely clear)
- CAO Correct Answer Only (emphasising that no "follow through" from a previous error is allowed)
- CWO Correct Working Only often written by a 'fortuitous' answer
- ISW Ignore Subsequent Working
- MR Misread
- PA Premature Approximation (resulting in basically correct work that is insufficiently accurate)

SOSSee Other Solution (the candidate makes a better attempt at the same question)

SR Special Ruling (detailing the mark to be given for a specific wrong solution, or a case where some standard marking practice is to be varied in the light of a particular circumstance)

#### Penalties

- MR –1 A penalty of MR –1 is deducted from A or B marks when the data of a question or part question are genuinely misread and the object and difficulty of the question remain unaltered. In this case all A and B marks then become "follow through √" marks. MR is not applied when the candidate misreads his own figures this is regarded as an error in accuracy. An MR –2 penalty may be applied in particular cases if agreed at the coordination meeting.
- PA –1 This is deducted from A or B marks in the case of premature approximation. The PA –1 penalty is usually discussed at the meeting.

# AS & A Level Mathematics – Mark Scheme SPECIMEN

| Question | Answer                                               | Marks | Partial<br>Marks | Guidance                                               |
|----------|------------------------------------------------------|-------|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| 1        | p = 0.76<br>P(fewer than 10) = 1 – P(10, 11)         | 1     | M1               | Any binomial term                                      |
|          | $= 1 - (0.76)^{10} (0.24)^{11} C_{10} - (0.76)^{11}$ | 1     | M1               | $^{11}C_x p^x (1-p)^{11-x}, 0$                         |
|          | = 1 - 0.219                                          | 1     | M1               | Any binomial term ${}^{n}C_{x}(0.76)^{x}(0.24)^{n-x}$  |
|          | = 0.781                                              | 1     | A1               | 1 – P(10, 11) oe binomial expression<br>Correct answer |
|          |                                                      | 4     |                  |                                                        |
| 2        | $\mu = 54.1$                                         | 1     | B1               | Stated or evaluated                                    |
|          | z = -1.11                                            | 1     | B1               | Accept rounding to $\pm 1.1$                           |
|          | $-1.11 = \frac{50.9 - 54.1}{\sigma}$                 | 1     | M1               | Standardising no cc no sq rt                           |
|          | $\sigma = 2.88$                                      | 1     | A1               | Correct answer                                         |
|          |                                                      | 4     |                  |                                                        |
| 3(i)     | a = 9/cw                                             |       | M1               | Using $fd = f/cw$                                      |
|          | = 9/2 = 4.5                                          |       | A1               | Correct a                                              |
|          | 1.5 = b/4 so $b = 6$                                 |       | A1               | Correct b                                              |
|          |                                                      | [3]   |                  |                                                        |

# AS & A Level Mathematics – Mark Scheme SPECIMEN

| Question      | Answer                                                                                  | Marks | Partial<br>Marks | Guidance                                                           |
|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>3</b> (ii) | £4                                                                                      | 1     | B1√              | Correct heights ft their b                                         |
|               | fd<br>6-                                                                                | 1     | B1               | Correct widths, ie 3, 2, 3, 4 starting either 60 or 59.5           |
|               | 0<br>4<br>2<br>-<br>60<br>62<br>64<br>66<br>68<br>70<br>72<br>Time in minutes           | 1     | B1               | Labels fd, time or minutes and squiggle and bars from 59.5 to 71.5 |
|               |                                                                                         | 3     |                  |                                                                    |
| 4(i)          | $\overline{x} = 80 - 147/30 = 80 - 4.9$                                                 | 1     | M1               | For -147/30 oe seen                                                |
|               | = 75.1                                                                                  | 1     | A1               | Correct answer                                                     |
|               | sd = $\sqrt{\left(\frac{952}{30} - \left(\frac{147}{30}\right)^2\right)} = \sqrt{7.72}$ | 1     | M1               | $952/30 - (\pm \text{their coded mean})^2$                         |
|               | sd = 2.78                                                                               | 1     | A1               | Correct answer                                                     |
|               |                                                                                         | 4     |                  |                                                                    |

# AS & A Level Mathematics – Mark Scheme SPECIMEN

| Question | Answer                                                    | Marks | Partial<br>Marks | Guidance                                  |
|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------|------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| 4(ii)    | $P(x > 160) = P\left(z > \frac{160 - 148.6}{18.5}\right)$ | 1     | M1               | Standardising no cc no sq rt              |
|          | = P(z > 0.616) = 1 - 0.7310                               | 1     | M1               | 1 – Φ                                     |
|          | = 0.269                                                   | 1     | A1               | Correct answer                            |
|          |                                                           | 3     |                  |                                           |
| 5(i)     | 5 (i) eg **(EEEE)***                                      | 1     | M1               | Mult by 6! Oe                             |
|          | Number of ways = $\frac{6!}{2!2!}$ = 180                  | 2     | M1<br>A1         | Dividing by 2!2! oe<br>Correct answer     |
|          |                                                           | 3     |                  |                                           |
| 5(ii)    | S******T or T******S                                      | 1     | M1               | Mult by 7! Or dividing by one of 2! or 4! |
|          | Number of ways = $\frac{7!}{4!2!} \times 2$               | 1     | M1               | Mult by 2                                 |
|          | = 210                                                     | 1     | A1               | Correct answer                            |
|          |                                                           | 3     |                  |                                           |

# AS & A Level Mathematics – Mark Scheme SPECIMEN

| Question | Answer                                                | Marks | Partial<br>Marks | Guidance                                                          |
|----------|-------------------------------------------------------|-------|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 5(iii)   | exactly one E in <sup>6</sup> C <sub>3</sub> ways     | 2     | M1<br>M1         | ${}^{6}C_{x}$ as a single answer ${}^{x}C_{3}$ as a single answer |
|          | = 20                                                  | 1     | A1               | correct answer                                                    |
|          |                                                       | 3     |                  |                                                                   |
| 6(i)     | $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 1     | M1               | 3 pairs S (bank, log in, success oe) and F oe seen no extra bits. |
|          |                                                       | 1     | A1               | Exactly 3 pairs, must be labelled                                 |
|          |                                                       | 1     | A1               | Correct diagram with all probs correct                            |
|          |                                                       | 3     |                  |                                                                   |
| 6(ii)    | x 0 1 2 3   Prob 0.4 0.144 0.216                      | 1     | B1               | P(0) correct                                                      |
|          |                                                       | 1     | M1               | Multiplying two of more factors of 0.4 and 0.6                    |
|          |                                                       | 1     | A1               | One more correct prob                                             |
|          |                                                       | 1     | B1               | One more correct prob                                             |
|          |                                                       | 4     |                  |                                                                   |

# AS & A Level Mathematics – Mark Scheme SPECIMEN

| Question      | Answer                                                      | Marks | Partial<br>Marks | Guidance                                                       |
|---------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>6(iii)</b> | $E(X) = 0.24 + 2 \times 0.144 + 3 \times 0.216$             | 1     | M1               | Using $\Sigma p_i x_i$                                         |
|               | = 1.176 (1.18)                                              | 1     | A1               | Correct answer                                                 |
|               |                                                             | 2     |                  |                                                                |
| 7(i)          | let $P(2, 4, 6)$ all = p then $P(1, 3, 5)$ all = 2p         | 1     | M1               | Using $P(even) = 2P(odd)$ or vice versa oe                     |
|               | 3p + 6p = 1                                                 | 1     | M1               | Summing P(odd+ even) or P(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6) = $1$              |
|               | p = 1/9 so prob (3) = 2/9 (0.222)                           | 1     | A1               | Correct answer                                                 |
|               |                                                             | 3     |                  |                                                                |
| 7(ii)         | $P(5, 5, 6) = 2/9 \times 2/9 \times 1/9 \times {}^{3}C_{2}$ | 2     | M1<br>M1         | Mult three probs together<br>Mult by 3 oe ie summing 3 options |
|               | = 4/243 (0.0165)                                            | 1     | A1               | Correct answer                                                 |
|               |                                                             | 3     |                  |                                                                |

## AS & A Level Mathematics – Mark Scheme SPECIMEN

| Question | Answer                                                                                                  | Marks | Partial<br>Marks | Guidance                                                                       |
|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7(iii)   | $\mu = 100 \times 1/3 = 33.3, \ \sigma = 100 \times 1/3 \times 2/3 = 22.2$                              | 1     | B1               | Unsimplified 100/3 and 200/9 seen                                              |
|          | $P(x \le 37) = P\left(z \le \frac{37.5 - \frac{100}{3}}{\sqrt{\frac{200}{9}}}\right) = P(z \le 0.8839)$ | 3     | M1<br>M1<br>M1   | Standardising need sq rt<br>36.5 or 37.5 seen<br>correct area using their mean |
|          | = 0.812                                                                                                 | 1     | A1               | Correct answer                                                                 |
|          |                                                                                                         | 5     |                  |                                                                                |

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For Examination from 2017

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Page 10 of 10 © Cambridge International Examinations 2016