## GCSE <br> MATHEMATICS 8300/3F

Foundation Tier Paper 3 Calculator

Mark scheme
November 2022
Version: 1.0 Final

Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Further copies of this mark scheme are available from aqa.org.uk

[^0]Copyright © 2022 AQA and its licensors. All rights reserved

## Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

If a student uses a method which is not explicitly covered by the mark scheme the same principles of marking should be applied. Credit should be given to any valid methods. Examiners should seek advice from their senior examiner if in any doubt.

M Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.

A Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.

B Marks awarded independent of method.
ft

SC Special case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.

M dep A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.

B dep A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded.
oe
Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent. eg accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$
[a, b] Accept values between a and b inclusive.
$[a, b) \quad$ Accept values $a \leqslant$ value $<b$
3.14... Accept answers which begin 3.14 eg 3.14, 3.142, 3.1416

Use of brackets It is not necessary to see the bracketed work to award the marks.

Examiners should consistently apply the following principles.

## Diagrams

Diagrams that have working on them should be treated like normal responses. If a diagram has been written on but the correct response is within the answer space, the work within the answer space should be marked. Working on diagrams that contradicts work within the answer space is not to be considered as choice but as working, and is not, therefore, penalised.

## Responses which appear to come from incorrect methods

Whenever there is doubt as to whether a student has used an incorrect method to obtain an answer, as a general principle, the benefit of doubt must be given to the student. In cases where there is no doubt that the answer has come from incorrect working then the student should be penalised.

## Questions which ask students to show working

Instructions on marking will be given but usually marks are not awarded to students who show no working.

## Questions which do not ask students to show working

As a general principle, a correct response is awarded full marks.

## Misread or miscopy

Students often copy values from a question incorrectly. If the examiner thinks that the student has made a genuine misread, then only the accuracy marks (A or B marks), up to a maximum of 2 marks are penalised. The method marks can still be awarded.

## Further work

Once the correct answer has been seen, further working may be ignored unless it goes on to contradict the correct answer.

## Choice

When a choice of answers and/or methods is given, mark each attempt. If both methods are valid then M marks can be awarded but any incorrect answer or method would result in marks being lost.

## Work not replaced

Erased or crossed out work that is still legible should be marked.

## Work replaced

Erased or crossed out work that has been replaced is not awarded marks.

## Premature approximation

Rounding off too early can lead to inaccuracy in the final answer. This should be penalised by 1 mark unless instructed otherwise.

## Continental notation

Accept a comma used instead of a decimal point (for example, in measurements or currency), provided that it is clear to the examiner that the student intended it to be a decimal point.

| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | $90^{\circ}$ | B1 |  |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | $d=c+6$ | B1 |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 2.75 | B1 |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | $A D C$ | B1 |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5(a) | 29 and 31 with no other values | B2 | either order <br> B1 29 with at most one incorrect value or <br> 31 with at most one incorrect value |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Ignore any values out of range for B1 |  |  |  |
|  | 1, 29, 31 |  |  | B1 |
|  | 1,23,29 |  |  | B1 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5(b) | 125 or 216 | B1 | only one value needed |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Ignore any values out of range |  |  |  |
|  | 125 and 216 given |  |  | B1 |
|  | Condone 5 and 125 on answer line |  |  | B1 |
|  | Condone $6^{3}$ and 216 on answer line |  |  | B1 |
|  | Condone 5 or $5^{3}$ on answer line with 125 seen in working |  |  | B1 |
|  | 6 or $6^{3}$ on answer line with no correct evaluation seen |  |  | B0 |
|  | More than one answer including an incorrect answer in range |  |  | B0 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6(a) | 43 | B1 |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6(b) | 118 | B1 |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6(c) | 55 | B1 |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7(a) | 12 | B1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  | B0 |
|  | Answer $12-12=0$ |  |  |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7(b) | 0 | B1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | 0 | B0 |  |  |
|  | Answer $7 \times 0=0$ | B0 |  |  |



| Q | Answer |  |  |  | Mark | Comments |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9(a) | $(x=) 10$ and $(y=) 15$ |  |  |  | B2 | B1 $(x=) 10$ or $(y=) 15$ |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $x$ 0 2 4 6 8 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $y$ | 3 | 7 | 11 | 15 | 19 | 23 |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9(b) | Straight line from (0,3) to (4, 11) | B2 | B1 at least two of $(0,3),(2,7)$ and $(4,11)$ plotted <br> or straight line from $(0,3)$ to $(2,7)$ or straight line from $(2,7)$ to $(4,11)$ $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | B2 or B1 may be awarded for a straight line without points plotted |  |  |  |
|  | Mark intention |  |  |  |
|  | Ignore line drawn after (4, 11) |  |  |  |
|  | Two points plotted with the same $x$-coordinate is choice unless the line is drawn through one of the points |  |  |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 9(c) | 9 | B1ft | correct or ft their line in (b) <br> $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10(a) | One example that would give a positive answer | B1 | eg $-2+5(=3)$ or $5+-2(=3)$ |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Evaluation is not required but if given must be correct |  |  |  |
|  | Allow two or more correct examples eg $-1+5=4$ and $-4+5=1$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | Do not ignore an incorrect example alongside a correct example eg1 $-1+5=4$ and $-7+5=-2(-7+5$ is an incorrect example) eg2 $-1+5$ and $-7+5$ <br> eg3 $-5+5=0$ and $-2+5=3(-5+5$ is an incorrect example) <br> eg4 $-2+5=3$ and $-4+5=-9$ ( -9 is an incorrect evaluation) |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B0 } \\ & \text { B0 } \\ & \text { B0 } \\ & \text { B0 } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Allow an example in words eg five added to negative four (is one) |  |  | B1 |
|  | The number could be -2 |  |  | B1 |
|  | Allow brackets around negative numbers eg $5+(-2)$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | 5-2 (=3) |  |  | B1 |
|  | $-5+5=0$ |  |  | B0 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10(b) | One example that would give a negative answer | B1 | eg $-6+5(=-1)$ or $5+-6(=-1)$ |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Evaluation not required but if given must be correct |  |  |  |
|  | Allow two or more correct examples eg $-7+5=-2$ and $-6+5=-1$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | Do not ignore an incorrect example alongside a correct example <br> eg1 $-7+5=-2$ and $-1+5=4(-1+5$ is an incorrect example) <br> eg2 $-7+5$ and $-1+5$ <br> eg3 $-5+5=0$ and $-6+5=-1(-5+5$ is an incorrect example) <br> eg4 $-9+5=-4$ and $-8+5=-13$ ( -13 is an incorrect evaluation) |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B0 } \\ & \text { B0 } \\ & \text { B0 } \\ & \text { B0 } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Allow an example in words <br> eg five added to negative ten (is negative five) |  |  | B1 |
|  | The number could be -6 |  |  | B1 |
|  | Allow brackets around negative numbers eg $5+(-8)$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | $5-6(=-1)$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | $-5+5=0$ |  |  | B0 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10(c) | One example that shows the statement is not correct | B1 | eg $-3 \times 2(=-6)$ or $2 \times-3(=-6)$ |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Evaluation not required but if given must be correct |  |  |  |
|  | Allow two or more correct examples eg $-7 \times 2=-14$ and $-6 \times 2=-12$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | Do not ignore an incorrect example alongside a correct example eg1 $-5 \times 2=-10$ and $4 \times 2=8(4 \times 2$ is an incorrect example) eg2 $-4 \times 2$ and $4 \times 2$ <br> eg3 $-5 \times 2=-10$ and $-8 \times 2=-10(-10$ is an incorrect evaluation) |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B0 } \\ & \text { B0 } \\ & \text { B0 } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Allow an example in words eg 0 doubled (is 0 ) |  |  | B1 |
|  | The number could be - 6 |  |  | B1 |
|  | $0 \times 2$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | $0+0$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | $-1+-1(=-2)$ or $-1-1(=-2)$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | $-1^{2}=-2$ |  |  | B0 |
|  | $-1^{2}$ |  |  | B0 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 96 in Eat sushi Yes | B1 |  |  |
|  | 384 in Eat sushi No | B1ft | ft 480 - their 96 if giving a value $>0$ |  |
|  | 64 in At least once a month Yes | B1ft | ft their $96 \div 3 \times 2$ <br> truncated to the nearest integer or rounded up to the nearest integer |  |
|  | 32 in At least once a month No | B1ft | ft their 96 - their 64 if giving a value $>0$ or their $96 \div 3$ truncated to the nearest integer or rounded up to the nearest integer |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Mark the four given diagram ovals only |  |  |  |
|  | 24024016080 |  |  | B0B1ft <br> B1ftB1ft |
|  | Follow through values may be rounded up or down to whole numbers provided the total is correct <br> eg 804005327 (53 is $\frac{2}{3}$ of 80 rounded down) |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B0B1ft } \\ & \text { B1ftB1ft } \end{aligned}$ |
| 11 | Follow through decimal values, withhold first B1, if applicable, at first use of decimal <br> eg1 105.6374 .470 .435 .2 ( 105.6 is incorrect and first use of decimal) <br> eg2 8040053.326 .7 ( 53.3 is correct $f t$ and first use of decimal) <br> eg3 9638463.3632 .64 ( 63.36 is incorrect and first use of decimal) |  |  | B0B1ft B1ftB1ft <br> B0B1ft B0ftB1ft <br> B1B1 <br> B0B1ft |
|  | $\begin{array}{lllll} \text { eg2 } & \frac{45}{480} & \frac{435}{480} & \frac{30}{480} & \frac{15}{480} \\ \text { eg3 } & \frac{90}{480} & \frac{390}{480} & \frac{30}{480} & \frac{60}{480} \end{array}$ | out o e bee | 0 seen in appropriate warded | B0B1 B1B1 <br> B0B0ft B1ftB1ft <br> B0BOft <br> B0ftB1ft |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 | ```2015 2011 2007 or 2016 2013 2010 (2007) or \(4 \times 3\) or 12 (years)``` | M1 | 12 is implied by an answer $2019-12 n$ or $2019+12 n$ where $n$ is a positive integer |  |
|  | 2007 | A1 | accept 07 |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Allow the years to be written eg $15 \quad 11$ (0)7 | digits f |  |  |
|  | $15 \quad 11$ (0)7 <br> Answer 07 |  |  | M1A1 |
|  | 1511 (0)7 <br> Answer 7 |  |  | M1A0 |
|  | Answer 7 without M1 award |  |  | MOAO |
|  | Answer 1995 or 1983 or 2031 |  |  | M1A0 |
|  | Ignore any errors in a list afte eg 2015201120072004 |  |  | M1 |
|  | Ignore any errors in a list afte eg 2016201320102006 |  |  | M1 |



| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 4}$ | triangular-based pyramid | B1 |  |




| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16(a) | 1 | B1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | 1 with 10 indicated as eg 1 scores 10 | quency |  | B1 |
|  | 1 (10) |  |  | B0 |
|  | 1,10 is the most |  |  | B0 |
|  | 1 and 10 |  |  | B0 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16(b) | ( $0 \times 7$ and) $1 \times 10$ and $2 \times 8$ and $3 \times 7$ and $4 \times 5$ and $5 \times 3$ or (0 and) 10 and 16 and 21 and 20 and 15 or 82 | M1 | allow one error or omission |  |
|  | $\frac{(0+) 10+16+21+20+15}{40}$ <br> or $82 \div 40$ <br> or their $82 \div 40$ | M1dep | oe eg $\frac{82}{40}$ or $\frac{41}{20}$ or $2 \frac{1}{20}$ |  |
|  | 2.05 | A1 | accept 2.1 or 2 with $82 \div 40$ seen |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | $82 \div 6$ or $82 \div 15$ |  |  | M1M0 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \times 7+1 \times 10+2 \times 8+3 \times 7+4 \times 5+5 \times 2(5 \times 2 \text { is one error }) \\ & 77 \div 40=1.925 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1M1A0 |
|  | $7+10+16+21+20+15 \quad$ ( 7 is one error) $89 \div 40=2.225$ |  |  | M1M1A0 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 10+21+20+15 \quad(16 \text { missing is one omission }) \\ & 66 \div 40=1.65 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1M1A0 |
|  | $(0+) 10+16+21+20+15 \div 40$ with missing brackets not recovered |  |  | M1M0 |
|  | Correct products or values seen but a different method used is a choice of methods <br> eg (0) 1016212015 followed by $40 \div 6$ or $40 \div 15$ |  |  | M0 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16(c) | $10+8+7+5+3 \text { or } 33$ <br> or $40-7 \text { or } 33$ <br> or $\frac{7}{40}$ | M1 | oe |  |
|  | $\frac{33}{40} \text { or } 0.825 \text { or } 82.5 \%$ | A1 | oe accept 0.83 or $83 \%$ |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | M1 may be awarded for correct work, with no or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts |  |  |  |
|  | Ignore conversion attempt after correct answer seen |  |  |  |
|  | 33 out of 40 |  |  | M1A0 |
|  | $33: 40$ |  |  | M1A0 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17 | Alternative method 1 |  |  |
|  | $8 \times 1.65$ or 13.2 | M1 | oe |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { their } 13.2 \div 3.8 \text { or }[3.47,3.474] \\ & \text { or }[3.47,3.474] \times 100 \\ & \text { or }[347,347.4] \end{aligned}$ | M1 | oe <br> their 13.2 must come from a division or multiplication using 8 and 1.65 only |
|  | 3.47 | A1 | SC2 3.4(0) or 3.5(0) <br> SC1 50.16 or 1.27 or 1.28 |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |
|  | $8 \div 3.8$ or [2.1, 2.11] | M1 | oe |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { their }[2.1,2.11] \times 1.65 \\ & \text { or }[3.465,3.4815] \\ & \text { or }[3.465,3.4815] \times 100 \\ & \text { or }[346.5,348.15] \end{aligned}$ | M1 | oe <br> their [2.1, 2.11] must come from a division or multiplication using 8 and 3.8 only |
|  | 3.47 | A1 | SC2 3.4(0) or 3.5(0) <br> SC1 50.16 or 1.27 or 1.28 |
|  | Alternative method 3 |  |  |
|  | $1.65 \div 3.8$ or [0.43, 0.434211] | M1 | oe |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \times \text { their }[0.43,0.434211] \\ & \text { or }[3.44,3.474] \\ & \text { or }[3.44,3.474] \times 100 \\ & \text { or }[344,347.4] \end{aligned}$ | M1dep | oe |
|  | 3.47 | A1 | SC2 3.4(0) or 3.5(0) <br> SC1 50.16 or 1.27 or 1.28 |

Additional guidance continues on the next page

| $\begin{gathered} 17 \\ \text { cont } \end{gathered}$ | Additional Guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Up to M2 may be awarded for correct work, with no or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts |  |
|  | In Alt 1 and Alt 2 the 2nd mark is not dependent In Alt 3 the 2nd mark is dependent |  |
|  | Answer 347 cm or 348 cm with metres crossed out | M1M1A0 |
|  | Begins by multiplying or dividing by a power of 10 eg1 $800 \times 1.65 \div 3.8$ oe with answer 3.47 (recovered) eg2 $8 \times 165 \div 3.8$ oe with answer 347 eg3 $800 \times 1.65$ oe with answer 1320 eg4 $0.8 \times 165$ oe | M1M1A1 <br> M1M1A0 <br> M1M0 <br> M1 |
|  | 3.47 in working but a different answer on the answer line, eg 13.47 in working but 3 on answer line eg 23.47 in working but 347 on answer line | M1M1A0 <br> M1M1A0 |
|  | $8 \times 1.65 \div 3.8$ oe | M1M1 |
|  | $8 \div(3.8 \div 1.65)$ | M1M1 |
|  | $8 \times 1.65 \times 3.8$ oe (which gives 50.16) | M1M0 |
|  | $8 \div 1.65 \div 3.8$ oe (which gives 1.27 or 1.28 ) | M0M1 |
|  | $8 \div 1.65 \times 3.8$ oe (which gives 18.4242...) | MOMO |
|  | $1.65 \times 3.8$ with no other relevant working | M0 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 | Alternative method 1 - capacity of 9 tins of white paint and 4 tins of red paint compared with the 2500 ml bucket capacity |  |  |
|  | $3630 \div 11 \text { or } 330$ <br> or $9 \times 140 \text { or } 1260$ | M1 | oe |
|  | ```their 330\times4 or 1320 or 2500 - their 1260 or 1240 or 2500 - their 330 * 4 or 1180``` | M1dep | oe $3630 \times \frac{4}{11}$ is M2 their 330 and their 1260 must be from correct methods |
|  | their $1260+$ their 1320 or 2580 or 2500 - their 1320 and their 1260 or their 1180 and their 1260 or 2500 - their 1260 and their 1320 or their 1240 and their 1320 | M1dep | oe <br> eg 2500-1320 or 1180 <br> and $\begin{aligned} & 1180-140-140-140-140-140- \\ & 140-140-140-140 \text { or }-80 \end{aligned}$ <br> their 1180 , their 1240 , their 1260 and their 1320 must be from correct methods |
|  | 2580 and No <br> or <br> 1180 and 1260 and No or <br> 1240 and 1320 and No or <br> (-)80 and No | A1 | oe <br> eg1 No, there is 80 too much <br> eg2 No, only 60 ml of the last tin will fit into the bucket |

Mark scheme and Additional Guidance continue on the next page

| Alternative method 2 - The number of tins of white or red paint that can be added to 4 tins of red or 9 tins of white paint to fill the 2500 ml bucket | Alternative method 2 - The number of tins of white or red paint that can be added to 4 tins of red or 9 tins of white paint to fill the 2500 ml bucket |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 3630 \div 11 \text { or } 330 \\ & \text { or } 9 \times 140 \text { or } 1260 \end{aligned}$ | M1 | oe |
|  | ```their 330 < 4 or 1320 or 2500 - their 1260 or 1240 or 2500 - their 330 < 4 or 1180``` | M1dep | oe $3630 \times \frac{4}{11}$ is M2 <br> their 330 and their 1260 must be from correct methods |
| $\begin{gathered} 18 \\ \text { cont } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{2500-\text { their } 1320}{140} \text { or } \frac{\text { their } 1180}{140} \\ & \text { or }[8.4,8.43] \\ & \text { or } \frac{2500-\text { their } 1320}{9} \\ & \text { or } \frac{\text { their } 1180}{9} \\ & \text { or } 131(.1 \ldots) \\ & \text { or } \frac{2500-\text { their } 1260}{\text { their } 330} \\ & \text { or } \frac{\text { their } 1240}{\text { their } 330} \text { or }[3.75,3.8] \\ & \text { or } \frac{2500-\text { their } 1260}{4} \\ & \text { or } \frac{\text { their } 1240}{4} \\ & \text { or } 310 \end{aligned}$ | M1dep | oe <br> their 330 , their 1180 , their 1240 , their 1260 and their 1320 must be from correct methods |
|  | [8.4, 8.43] and No or [3.75, 3.8] and No or $131(.1 \ldots)$ and No or 310 and No | A1 | oe |

Mark scheme and Additional Guidance continue on the next page


Additional Guidance continues on the next page

| $\begin{gathered} 18 \\ \text { cont } \end{gathered}$ | Additional Guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Up to M3 may be awarded for correct work, with no or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts |  |
|  | Allow working in other units eg litres but units must be consistent for the 3rd mark |  |
|  | No may be implied eg1 2580 and there is $80(\mathrm{ml})$ too much paint eg2 8.4 tins so 9 tins is too much |  |
|  | 2580 and No | M1M1M1A1 |
|  | 1180 and 1260 and No | M1M1M1A1 |
|  | 1240 and 1320 and No | M1M1M1A1 |
|  | 80 and No | M1M1M1A1 |
|  | Condone 1180-1260 = 80 and No | M1M1M1A1 |
|  | Condone an incorrect statement after the correct answer seen eg 1180 and 1260 and -80 and No, there is 60 ml left in the 9th tin | M1M1M1A1 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 19 | $n \leqslant 2$ | B1 |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20(a) | $27 \div 1.2$ or 22.5 | M1 | oe eg $27 \times 0.83(3 \ldots)$ |  |
|  | 22.50 | A1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | M1 may be awarded for correct work, with no or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts |  |  |  |
|  | Condone (£)22.50p |  |  |  |
|  | 22.50 in working with answer 22.5 |  |  | M1A1 |
|  | 22.5(0) in working with answer 22 or 23 |  |  | M1A0 |
|  | Answer of 22 or 23 with no working |  |  | MOAO |
|  | $22.5(0) \times 1.2=27$ |  |  | M1A0 |
|  | Build up must be a fully correct method |  |  |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20(b) | 7.5 | B3 | B2 $168 \div 8 \times 5 \div 14$ oe or $168 \div 8 \times 5$ oe or 105 or $168 \times 5 \div 14$ oe or 60 or $168 \div 8 \div 14$ oe or 1.5 or $14 \div 5 \times 8$ oe or 22.4 <br> B1 $168 \div 8$ or 21 <br> or $168 \times 5$ or 840 <br> or $168 \div 14$ or 12 <br> or $14 \div 5$ or 2.8 <br> or $14 \times 8$ or 112 <br> or $8 \div 5$ or 1.6 <br> or $5 \div 8$ or 0.625 |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Up to B2 may be awarded for correct work, with no or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts |  |  |  |
|  | 7.5 in working with answer 7 or 8 |  |  | B3 |
|  | $21 \times 5$ |  |  | B2 |
|  | $840 \div 14$ |  |  | B2 |
|  | $21 \div 14$ |  |  | B2 |
|  | $2.8 \times 8$ |  |  | B2 |



| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21(b) | Straight line passing through (36, [9,13]) and (62, [30, 34]) | B1 | accept intention to draw a straight line ignore anything outside $(36,[9,13])$ and (62, [30, 34]) |  |
|  | Correct reading $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square for their straight line | B1ft | ft their line with positive gradient ignore any working lines on their graph |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | No line of best fit |  |  | B0B0 |
|  | Short straight line not passing through (36, [9,13]) and (62, [30, 34]) with positive gradient and correct reading $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square for their line |  |  | B0B1ft |
|  | Two lines of best fit, mark the line that leads to their answer |  |  |  |
|  | Two lines of best fit, no answer, apply the usual rules of choice |  |  |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22 | $\frac{1}{2} \times(14+20) \times 11$ or 187 | M1 | oe any correct method to find the area of the trapezium |  |
|  | $\frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 7$ or 35 | M1 | oe eg $\frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 7 \times \sin 90$ |  |
|  | 222 | A1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Up to M2 may be awarded for even if this is seen amongst m | work, tempts | no or incorrect answer, |  |
|  | Ignore Pythagoras' theorem, tri | try or | imeter calculations |  |
|  | $14 \times 11+\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 11$ |  |  | M1 |
|  | Missing brackets must be reco eg1 $\frac{1}{2} \times 20+14 \times 11$ and 187 eg $2 \frac{1}{2} \times 20+14 \times 11$ |  |  | M1 <br> M0 |
|  | $20 \times 11=220$ |  |  | MOMOAO |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Alternative method 1 |  |  |  |
|  | $72 \div 6 \times 5$ or 60 | M1 | oe <br> $72 \div 6 \times 11$ or 132 implies M1 |  |
|  | $72 \times 1.5$ or 108 | M1 | oe eg $72 \times 3 \div 2$ <br> $14 \times 12$ implies M2 |  |
|  | 60 and 108 and 240 or $250-60-108=82$ | A1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oe eg1 } 168 \text { and } 240 \\ & \text { eg2 } 60 \text { and } 108 \text { and } 10 \\ & \text { eg3 } 168 \text { and }(250-72=) 178 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |  |
| 23 | $6 \times 1.5$ or 9 | M1 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { oe eg1 } 6 \times 3 \div 2 \\ \text { eg2 } 6: 5: 9 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | $72 \div 6 \times(6+5+\text { their } 9)$ <br> or $72 \div 6 \times 5$ and $72 \div 6 \times$ their 9 | M1dep | oe eg $12 \times 20$ <br> $14 \times 12$ implies M2 |  |
|  | 9 and 240 <br> or 60 and 108 and 240 or $250-60-108=82$ | A1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oe eg1 } 168 \text { and } 240 \\ & \text { eg2 } 60 \text { and } 108 \text { and } 10 \\ & \text { eg3 } 168 \text { and }(250-72=) 178 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Up to M2 may be awarded for correct work, with no or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts |  |  |  |
|  | In Alt 1 the 2 nd mark is not dependent In Alt 2 the 2nd mark is dependent |  |  |  |
|  | 240 alone or 240 with no correct method |  |  | M0 |
|  | $72 \div 6 \times 11=132$ and $132+108=240$ |  |  | M1M1A1 |
|  | $1 \frac{1}{2} \times 72=36$ and $72+36=108$ and $72+60+108=240$ |  |  | M1M1A1 |
|  | $1 \frac{1}{2} \times 72=36$ |  |  | M1 |
|  | $1 \frac{1}{2}$ of $72=36$ |  |  | M0 |
|  | $72 \div 11$ |  |  | M0 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24 | Alternative method 1 |  |  |
|  | $3.6 \times 1000$ or 3600 | M1 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { their } 3600}{512} \text { or } 7(.0 \ldots) \\ & \text { or } \\ & \frac{\text { their } 3600}{7.87} \text { or } 457(.4 \ldots) \end{aligned}$ | M1dep | oe |
|  | 7(.0...) and No or 457(.4...) and No | A1 |  |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |
|  | $3.6 \times 1000$ or 3600 | M1 |  |
|  | $7.87 \times 512$ or 4029(.4...) | M1 | oe |
|  | 4029(.4...) and 3600 and No | A1 |  |
|  | Alternative method 3 |  |  |
|  | $\frac{3.6}{512} \text { or } 0.007(0 \ldots)$ <br> or $\frac{3.6}{7.87} \text { or } 0.457(4 \ldots)$ | M1 | oe eg $7(.0 \ldots) \times 10^{-3}$ |
|  | their $0.007(0 \ldots) \times 1000$ or $7(.0 \ldots)$ or $0.457(4 \ldots) \times 1000 \text { or } 457(.4 \ldots)$ | M1dep | oe |
|  | 7(.0...) and No or 457(.4...) and No | A1 |  |

Mark scheme and Additional Guidance continue on the next page

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 24 \\ \text { cont } \end{gathered}$ | Alternative method 4 |  |  |  |
|  | $7.87 \div 1000 \text { or } 0.00787$ <br> or $7.87 \times 512 \text { or } 4029(.4 \ldots)$ | M1 |  |  |
|  | their $0.00787 \times 512$ <br> or their $4029(.4 \ldots) \div 1000$ <br> or 4(.0...) <br> or $\frac{3.6}{\text { their } 0.00787} \text { or } 457(.4 \ldots)$ | M1dep | oe |  |
|  | 4(.0...) and No or 457(.4...) and No | A1 |  |  |
|  | Alternative method 5 |  |  |  |
|  | $\frac{3.6}{512}$ or $0.007(0 \ldots)$ | M1 | oe eg $7(.0 \ldots) \times 10^{-3}$ |  |
|  | $7.87 \div 1000$ or 0.00787 | M1 | oe |  |
|  | 0.007 (0...) and 0.00787 and No | A1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Up to M2 may be awarded for correct work, with no or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts |  |  |  |
|  | In Alt 2 and Alt 5 the 2nd mark is not dependent In Alt 1, Alt 3 and Alt 4 the 2 nd mark is dependent |  |  |  |
|  | $7.87 \times 512=1056293519$ |  |  | M1 |
|  | $7.87 \times 512^{3}$ or $3.6 \div 512^{3}$ unless recovered |  |  | M0 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25(a) | Alternative method 1 |  |  |  |
|  | 20 | B3 | B2 53 or $33+20$ or $73-20$ <br> or $\frac{73-33}{2}$ or $\frac{40}{2}$ <br> B1 $73-33$ or 40 |  |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |  |
|  | $33+x$ or $73-x$ | M1 | oe |  |
|  | $x+33+x=73$ <br> or $2 x+33=73$ <br> or $\frac{73-33}{2} \text { or } \frac{40}{2}$ | M1dep | oe eg $33+x=73-x$ |  |
|  | 20 | A1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | $33+x=73$ |  |  | M1 |




| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 27 | $\times \frac{3}{2}$ |  | B1 |



| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 9}$ | $c=\frac{2}{d}$ | B 1 |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30 | $0.5 \times \pi \times 45$ <br> or $0.5 \times[141,141.4]$ <br> or [70.5, 70.7] <br> or $0.5 \times \pi \times 45+75$ <br> or [145.5, 145.7] | M1 | oe eg $22.5 \pi$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & (0.5 \times \pi \times 45+75) \div 18 \\ & \text { or } \\ & \text { their }[145.5,145.7] \div 18 \end{aligned}$ | M1 | oe <br> their [145.5, 145.7] can be any value |  |
|  | 8.08(...) or 8.09(...) | A1 | may be implied by 8.1 |  |
|  | 8.1 | B1ft | ft any answer seen with greater than 2 sf$\text { SC2 } 3.9$ |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Up to M2 may be awarded even if this is seen among awarded | ttempts | no or incorrect answer 1ft may also be |  |
|  | $\frac{120}{18}=6.67$ answer 6.7 |  |  | M0M1A0B1ft |
|  | $\frac{120}{18}=6.7$ |  |  | M0M1A0B0ft |
|  | $0.5 \times \pi \times 45$ and $70.7 \div 18=3.93$ answer 3.9 |  |  | M1M1A0B1ft |
|  | SC2 for an answer of 3.9 without working is when 75 is not used |  |  |  |




[^0]:    Copyright information
    AQA retains the copyright on all its publications. However, registered schools/colleges for AQA are permitted to copy material from this booklet for their own internal use, with the following important exception: AQA cannot give permission to schools/colleges to photocopy any material that is acknowledged to a third party even for internal use within the centre.

